

## WORKSHEET SOLUTIONS: INFINITE LIMITS

Names and student IDs: Solutions  $\pi\pi\pi-\pi\pi-\pi\pi\pi\pi$

Recall: We say  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \infty$  (even though  $\infty$  is not a number) if one can force  $f(x)$  to be as large as one wants by requiring that  $x$  be close enough to  $a$ . In particular,  $f$  has a vertical asymptote at  $x = a$ , near which the graph goes up on both sides. Example:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^2} = \infty$ .

Plot this on your calculator to see, moving the screen around to show the parts of the function near  $x = 0$ .

Also look at the following table of values. You see that when  $x$  is close to zero (with either  $x > 0$  or  $x < 0$ ), then  $x^2$  is positive and close to zero, and  $\frac{1}{x^2}$  is positive and large.

$x$	$x^2$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$
1	1	1
0.1	0.01	100
0.01	0.0001	10,000
0.0001	0.00000001	100,000,000
$-1$	1	1
$-0.1$	0.01	100
$-0.01$	0.0001	10,000
$-0.0001$	0.00000001	100,000,000

Similar considerations give meanings to  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = -\infty$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x) = \pm\infty$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \pm\infty$ , etc.

1. What are the following? Try computing some values if needed. After you have answered, look at calculator graphs to check.

*Solution.* a.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( -\frac{1}{x^2} \right) = -\infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$x^2$	$-\frac{1}{x^2}$
1	1	-1
0.1	0.01	-100
0.01	0.0001	-10,000
0.0001	0.00000001	-100,000,000
$-1$	1	-1
$-0.1$	0.01	-100
$-0.01$	0.0001	-10,000
$-0.0001$	0.00000001	-100,000,000

When  $x$  is close to zero, then  $x^2$  is very close to zero and positive, so  $-\frac{1}{x^2}$  is very far from zero and **negative**.  $\square$

*Solution.* b.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$\frac{1}{x}$
-1	-1
-0.1	-10
-0.01	-100
-0.0001	-10,000

When  $x$  is close to zero **and negative**, then  $\frac{1}{x}$  is very far from zero and **negative**.  $\square$

*Solution.* c.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \left( \frac{1}{x} + 45 \right) = -\infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$\frac{1}{x}$
-1	-44
-0.1	-35
-0.01	-55
-0.0001	-9955
-0.00001	-99,955

When  $x$  is close to zero **and negative**, then  $\frac{1}{x}$  is very far from zero and **negative**, so also  $\frac{1}{x} + 45$  is very far from zero and **negative**.  $\square$

*Solution.* d.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{3}{x-2} = \infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$x-2$	$\frac{3}{x-2}$
3	1	3
2.1	0.1	30
2.01	0.01	300
2.0001	0.0001	30,000

When  $x$  is close to 2 **and**  $x > 2$ , then  $x-2$  is close to zero and **positive**, so  $\frac{3}{x-2}$  is very far from zero and **positive**.  $\square$

*Solution.* e.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x+1}{x-2} = \infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$x-2$	$\frac{1}{x-2}$	$x+1$	$\frac{x+1}{x-2}$
3	1	1	4	3
2.1	0.1	10	3.1	31
2.01	0.01	100	3.01	301
2.0001	0.0001	10,000	3.0001	30,001

When  $x$  is close to 2 **and**  $x > 2$ , then  $x-2$  is close to zero and **positive**, and  $x+1$  is close to 3, so  $\frac{x+1}{x-2}$ , like  $\frac{3}{x-2}$ , is very far from zero and **positive**.  $\square$

*Solution.* f.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (7x^2 + 1) = \infty$ .

Some values:

$x$	$x^2$	$7x^2 + 1$
-1	1	8
-10	100	701
-100	10,000	70,001
-10,000	100,000,000	700,000,001

When  $x$  is very far from zero and negative (that is,  $x$  is negative and  $|x|$  is very large), then  $7x^2 + 1$  **positive** and very large.  $\square$

2. Suppose  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} g(x) = \infty$ . What can you say about  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) + g(x))$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) - g(x))$ ?

*Solution.*  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) + g(x)) = \infty$ . If both  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are positive and very large, then so is  $f(x) + g(x)$ .

You can't say anything about  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) - g(x))$ . As just one example, take  $f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-3)^2}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{(x-3)^2} + 3\pi^4$ . Then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (f(x) - g(x)) = -3\pi^4$ . This is an **indeterminate form**.  $\square$