

Are there better ways of getting a student to learn? Getting students to play at learning can encourage understanding by engaging their attention. Problems having a playful component can capture their imagination. Taking the problems out of the typi-
cally serious architectural realm reduces performance anxiety, encouraging experimentation and spontaneity. Since students cannot rely as easily on preconceptions or architectural cliches, they are more likely to use their own visual judgment. The fol-
lowing exercises, from simple to more difficult, stimulate childhood imagination, use motivations from childhood play and increase the enjoyment of learning.

## Geometry Play

Limited elements \& operations

- Step-by-step directions: high chance of success
- Boolean intersections and rhythmic
arrays
- Proportional studies

Creating abstractly beautiful compositions with beginning modeling tools


## Kit of Parts

Limited elements, unlimited operations

- Articulation of elements
- Mechanics of making
- Structural hierarchies

Assembling spatial components using the design logic embedded in the system of parts

## Dreams from Childhood

Imagination and memory

- Narrative qualities
- Increasing sophistication
- Complete compositions

Designing a place with an expressive character. Representing the essence of that place


## Transformation

Artwork inspires environments

- Flexible interpretations
- Refinement strategies
- Scaling devices

Re-reading shape and form invites experimenting with alternative expressions

