

Summary on Lecture 22, March 1, 2016

**Optimal spanning trees**

**2. Optimal spanning trees.** Let  $G = (V(G), E(G))$  be a finite graph. As in the case of directed graphs, we say that  $G$  is a *weighted graph* if we are given a *weight function*  $\text{wt} : E(G) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ . The if  $H \subset G$  is a subgraph of  $G$ , then a *weight*  $W(H)$  is the sum of the weights of edges in  $H$ .

**Optimal spanning tree problem:** For a given finite connected graph  $G = (V(G), E(G))$ , find a spanning tree  $T \subset G$  of minimal weight. Such a spanning tree is called *optimal* (or *minimal* in some other sources).

Our next algorithm builds an optimal spanning tree for a weighted graph  $G = (V(G), E(G))$ ,  $|E(G)| = m$ , whose edges  $e_1, \dots, e_m$  have been initially sorted so that

$$\text{wt}(e_1) \leq \text{wt}(e_2) \leq \dots \leq \text{wt}(e_m).$$

The algorithm proceeds one by one through the list of edges of  $G$ , beginning with the smallest weights, choosing edges that do not introduce cycles. When the algorithm stops, the set  $E$  is supposed to be the set of edges in a minimum spanning tree for  $G$ . The notation  $E \cup \{e_j\}$  in the statement of the algorithm stands for the subgraph whose edge set is  $E \cup \{e_j\}$  and whose vertex set is  $V(G)$ .

**Kruskal's Algorithm** ( $G = (V(G), E(G))$ ,  $\text{wt} : E(G) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ )

**Input:** A finite weighted connected graph  $(G, \text{wt})$  with edges listed in order of increasing weight

**Output:** A set  $E$  of edges of an optimal spanning tree for  $G$

Set  $E = \emptyset$ , for  $j = 1$  to  $|E(G)|$  do

if  $E \cup \{e_j\}$  is acyclic then

Put  $e_j$  in  $E$ .

return  $E$

**Exercise.** Use the **Kruskal's Algorithm** algorithm for the following graph:

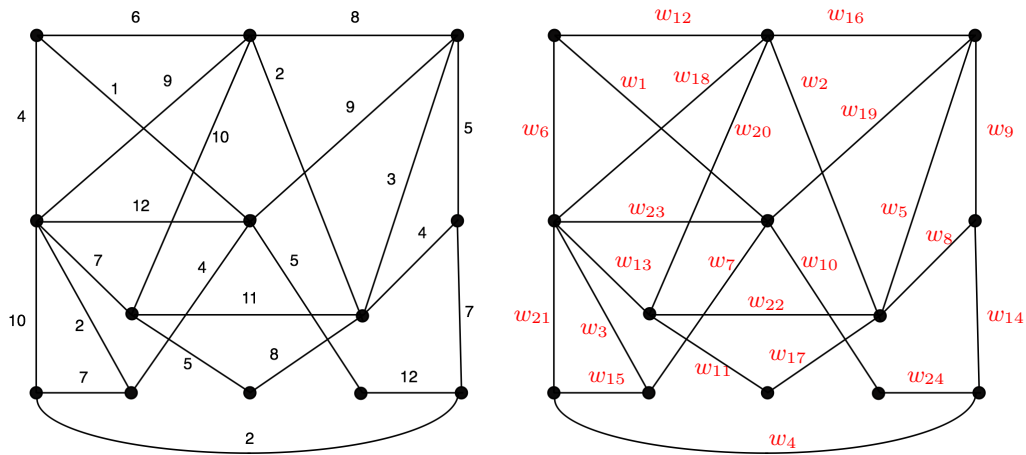


Fig. 3. Here the weights  $w_i = \text{wt}(e_i)$  of the edges are already ordered.

**Prim's Algorithm** ( $G = (V(G), E(G))$ ,  $\text{wt} : E(G) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ )  
**Input:** A finite weighted connected graph  $(G, \text{wt})$  with edges listed in any order  
**Output:** A set  $E$  of edges of an optimal spanning tree for  $G$   
Set  $E = \emptyset$ . Choose  $w$  in  $V(G)$  and set  $V := \{w\}$ .  
**while**  $|V| < |V(G)|$  **do**  
    Choose an edge  $\{u, v\}$  in  $E(G)$  of smallest possible weight  
    with  $u \in V$  and  $v \in V(G) \setminus V$ .  
    Put  $\{u, v\}$  in  $E$  and put  $v$  in  $V$ .  
**return**  $E$

**Exercise.** Use the **Prim's Algorithm** algorithm for the graph given at Fig. 3.