

FINAL EXAM REVIEW, PART I

- (1) Determine a positive integer
- n
- such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{2n} i = \sum_{i=1}^n i^2.$$

- (2) Let
- k
- be an odd integer. Prove that there exists
- n
- such that
- k
- divides
- $2^n - 1$
- .

- (3) Prove that
- $n^5 - n$
- is divisible by 10 for all integers
- $n \geq 1$
- .

- (4) Prove that
- $n^3 - n$
- is divisible by 6 for all integers
- $n \geq 1$
- .

- (5) Prove the identity:

$$1^2 + 2^2 + \cdots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}.$$

- (6) Prove the identity:

$$1^3 + 2^3 + \cdots + n^3 = (1 + 2 + \cdots + n)^2$$

- (7) Prove that
- $n^2 > n + 1$
- for
- $n \geq 2$
- .

- (8) Prove that
- $11^n - 4^n$
- is divisible by 7 for all
- n
- .

- (9) Prove that
- $3^{2n+3} + 40n - 27$
- is divisible by 64 for any
- $n \geq 1$
- .

- (10) Prove the inequalities:
- $\sqrt{n} \leq \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \leq 2\sqrt{n} - 1$
- for all integers
- $n \geq 1$
- .

- (11) Solve the Diophantine equations:

- $2019x + 741y = 3$,
- $2017x + 2018y = 1$

- (12) Let
- H_n
- be a harmonic number, i.e.
- $H_1 = 1$
- and
- $H_n = H_{n-1} + \frac{1}{n}$
- . Use mathematical induction to prove that
- $H_{2^n} \geq 1 + \frac{n}{2}$
- .

- (13) How many
- odd numbers*
- between 100,000 and 1,000,000 have no two digits the same?

- (14) How many positive divisors does
- $2^3 \cdot 5^4 \cdot 7^3$
- have?

- (15) Let
- $A = \{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6\}$
- and
- $B = \{b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4\}$
- .

- How many functions are there from the set A to the set B ?
- How many of these functions map A onto B ?
- How many ways are there to put 6 objects to 4 distinct identical boxes so that no box will be left empty?
- How many ways are there to put 6 objects to 4 identical boxes so that no box will be left empty?

- (16) How many integers between 1 and 10,000 (including 1 and 10,000) are not divisible by 2, 5, or 17?

- (17) We are given the letters
- I, I, I, I, M, P, P, S, S, S, S**
- .

- How many different words, i.e., strings, can be made using all of those letters?
- How many of those words have all the **I**'s together?
- How many of those words read the same backward and forward?
- If the letters are arranged in random order, what is the probability that they spell **MISSISSIPPI**?

(18) Let p be a prime.

- Prove that $\binom{p}{r}$ is a multiple of p for $0 < r < p$. Hint: $p! = \binom{p}{r} \cdot r! \cdot (p-r)!$.
- Prove that $(a+b)^p \equiv a^p + b^p \pmod{p}$ for all integers a and b .

(19) Let $A = \{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_7, a_8, a_9\}$ and $B = \{b_1, b_2, b_3, b_4\}$.

- (a) How many functions are there from the set A to the set B ?
- (b) How many of these functions map A onto B ?
- (c) How many ways are there to put 9 objects to 4 identical boxes so that no box will be left empty?

(20) Consider the following algorithm:

```
for  $i = 1$  to  $n$  do
  for  $j = 1$  to  $i$  do
    for  $k = 1$  to  $j$  do
      print  $(i, j, k)$ .
```

How many times (depending on n) the algorithm has to be executed?

(21) Let n, k be positive integers.

- Let $n > k$. Prove the identity: $\sum_{r=0}^{n-1} (-1)^r \binom{n}{n-r} (n-r)^k = 0$.
- Prove the identity: $\sum_{r=0}^{n-1} (-1)^r \binom{n}{n-r} (n-r)^n = n!$.

(22) Show that for any positive integer n $\sum_{j=0}^n \binom{n}{j} 2^j = 3^n$.

(25) How many positive integral solutions of the equation

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + x_7 + x_8 + x_9 = 27?$$

(23) How many ways are there to put 23 objects in 6 boxes with at least 3 objects in one box?

(24) Let $n = d_1 d_2 \cdots d_s$ be an integer, where d_1, d_2, \dots, d_s are decimal digits. Prove that n is divisible by 3 if and only if the sum $d_1 + d_2 + \cdots + d_s$ is divisible by 3.

(25) Let k, n be positive integers. Explain why there exists the greatest common divisor $\gcd(k, n)$.

(26) Write a binary decomposition of 2017, 2018 and 2019.

(27) Compute the value $\phi(n)$, where $n = 2017$, or 2018, or 2019, and ϕ is the Euler function.

(28) Let n be a positive integer and n is not a prime number. Prove that there exists a prime p such that p divides n .

(29) Prove that for any positive integer $n \geq 1$ the number $n^2 - 2$ is not divisible by 3.

(30) Let $b_0 = b_1 = b_2 = 1$, and $b_n = b_{n-1} + b_{n-3}$.

- (a) Prove that $b_n \geq (\sqrt{2})^{n-2}$ for $n \geq 3$.
- (b) Prove that $b_n \leq \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}$ for $n \geq 1$.

(31) For how many seven-digit integers have the sum of their digits equal to 55?

(32) Find the last two digits of 2019^{63} .